

	History at St Thomas's Primary School								
Intent									
Imple- ment	At St Thomas, we implement a history curriculum that is progressive throughout the school covering the key strands of The National Curriculum. History is taught as part								
Impact	(including key historical concepts) using the correct	ks will show that children can confidently articulate and de vocabulary. Children will be able to make connections and o to talk about how our understanding of the past is arrived at	draw contrasts between the different periods and civilisa-						
Context	"I come that they might have life and life Before 1758, Heaton Chapel did not exist but was so until the church was dedicated 28 th October 1758. Heaton Chapel Station was built in 1851 close to the	e in all its fullness." The Gospel of John 10 v 10 O imply part of Heaton Norris. The need for a chapel was identified main road from Manchester to Stockport ran through H e St. Thomas' Rectory because of the clergy man at the chur cation chocolate covered biscuits such as Penguin biscuits a	ur church lies at the centre of our local area. tified by Parliament in 1645 but it was another 100 years eaton Chapel. There was a toll gate opposite the church. rch. A large biscuit works was opened in 1918 by McVitie						
		arning and Growing in the Sight of God							
	Learning – Perseverance / Joy	Growing – Community / Compassion	Sight of God – Faith / Trust						
	COMMUNITY CONTINUE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP								
each unit of in each lesso	At St Thomas we have created a balance of knowledge and skills in each unit of study. Knowledge and therefore learning is built upon in each lesson, with regular opportunities given for knowledge retrieval. Children are given every chance of success in order to maximise motivation At St Thomas the children are encouraged throughout each period of history they study to empathise with the people alive at the time, to explore different viewpoints and to grow their understanding themselves and others. God.								



Substantive

Substantive Knowledge

Substantive knowledge refers to the residual knowledge that children should take away from the unit after it has been taught. It consists of the core facts and historical knowledge of the period, such as historical narrative, significant events or people, period features, chronology and substantive concepts. In this progression map, you will find a concise summary of the substantive knowledge for each unit.

Substantive Concepts - Golden Threads

We have identified a set of key historical concepts that we have called golden threads that children will repeatedly revisit throughout their time at St Thomas from Early Years upwards. By having our units centred around these concepts, pupils are able to make links between their learning from one unit and year group to another, as well as use this knowledge to make connections with the present day and their own lives. We want the children to be able to think about these concepts over a long-time span.

Trade	Settlement	Civilisation	Religion and Belief	Conflict	Invasion
The action of buying and selling anything. The kind of job where you need skills and special training.	A place, typically one which has previously been unin-habited, where people establish a community.	The way in which a group of people live, how they are organised and what they believe in where they live. A way of life that is better or more organised than another way of life.	Religion — a particular system of faith and worship. Beliefs — something one accepts as true or real; a firmly held opinion.	A serious disagreement or argument A prolonged armed struggle	To enter a country or group's land as an enemy, by force, in order to con- quer or plunder.



Disciplinary

Disciplinary Knowledge

Disciplinary knowledge includes all the skills that children will need to develop over time in their history lessons. They are skills that enable us to critically analyse contrasting arguments and interpretations of the past and make our own reasoned judgements about the past. Disciplinary knowledge is separated into disciplinary concepts and historical enquiry.

Disciplinary Concepts

Disciplinary concepts are concepts used in the study of history. They form the basis of many questions' historians ask about the past and include continuity and change, cause and consequence, similarity and difference, and historical significance. These concepts will enable children to ask historically-valid questions, create connections, identify contrasts, examine trends and construct analyses.

Cause and Consequences	Change and Continuity	Similarities and Differences
Cause and Consequences	Change and Continuity	Similarities and Differences
Cause To understand that events do not just happen and then end. To be know why things happened. To understand that causes develop over time. Consequence To explain that an event can cause further issues (consequences), and these can be both good and bad. The ripple effect through time. To explain that an event can cause further issues (consequences), and these can be both good and bad. The ripple effect through time.	Understanding how to map time, to confidently grasp the past, present and future. To see that events and changes occurred at similar/different paces and at similar/different times across the world. To be able to explain how the present is different from the past. To develop a nuanced understanding that there are similarities across different time periods to show that some aspects of history continued over time.	Confidently describing the key features of the past, and communicating how life is different now, and how it was disparate for different countries, cultures and sections of societies.
Historical significance	Sources and Evidence	Historical Interpretations
Historical Significance	Sources and Evidence	Historical Interpretations
Historical significance focuses on how and why historical events, trends and individuals are ascribed historical significance	To learn how historians, use sources as evidence to construct, challenge or test claims about the past. Pupils must learn to use sources to establish evidence for a specific historical question.	Foundation stone to appreciating that the past is in an interpretation of the available evidence from the time. To consider the impact of perspective on interpretation.



	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Nursery	All About Me! Trust	Our Wonderful World Community	Ticket to Ride Community/Joy	Come Outside Community/Joy	Our Heroes Community/Joy/Trust	Fun at the Seaside Joy	
Reception	All About Me! Trust	Our Wonderful World Community	Ticket to Ride Community/Joy	Come Outside Community/Joy	Our Heroes Community/Joy/Trust	Fun at the Seaside Joy	
Year 1		Why did Guy Fawkes not like the King? Trust		What do you do if you get lost in the woods? (two significant figures) Trust	How did explorers change the world? Joy	What was the life of pirate really like? Did they all bury treasure? Joy	
Year 2	Nairobi and London What is the same what is different? Community/Compassion			safe at the coast? /Trust	Could the Great Fire of London have been prevented? Perseverance		
Year 3		What discoveries de- fined the Stone, Bronze, and Iron Ages? Community/ Perseverance		What secrets made ancient Egypt an unstoppable civilisation? Community/ Perseverance	Are the Hatters the best football team in the world? Community		
Year 4	Who were the Ancient Greeks? Community		What did the Romans ever do for me? Community	Is the viaduct the most important structure in Stockport? Community/Trust/Hope			
Year 5			Anglo-Saxons versus The Vikings Who are you supporting? Community			How would it feel to be a Mayan? Compassion	
Year 6	Did World War 1 result in world peace? Faith/Community			Has medical advance- ment saved the human race from extinction? Faith			



EYFS	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
General Theme	All About Me!	Our Wonderful World	Ticket to Ride	Come Outside	Our Heroes	Fun at the Seaside
Hook Book - A	What makes Me am Me! Ben Faulkes	Meerkat Christmas Emily Gravett	0		The Sea Saw Tom Percival	
Hook Book- B	I Wist and Hop Millibeast		Supertato Sue Hendra	The Snail and the Whale Julia Donaldson		
St Thomas' Value	Compassion	Trust	Perseverance	Faith	Community	Joy

Knowledge and Understanding of the World is a Specific Area of Learning.

It relates to children's everyday lives, their homes, families, other people, the local environment and community, and the wider world. Through different types of play, active, and experiential learning opportunities as well as practical activities, children will be provided with meaningful experiences. These will stimulate their senses as well as encourage them to ask questions, explore and wonder at their environment. They will undertake investigations that engage their interests, and develop awareness of the beliefs and views of others.

Nursery Sequences in time Vocabulary		f the time of day, e.g., dinner- bedtime		of the time of day, e.g., dinnerbedtime	I can use words to sequence, e.g, first, then, next, after that, in the end. I show an awareness of morning, dinnertime, afternoon, and evening.	
Reception Sequences in time Vocabulary	e.g., first, then, next, I show an awareness of morni	is to sequence, after that, in the end. ng, dinnertime, afternoon, and ning.	to name these. I can talk a sent and past tense. I unde af I can retell my daily routin quence. I can name the days	e week/ seasons, and I begin about events using the pre- rstand the terms before and iter nes/ weekly routines in se- s of the week/ the seasons of year.	I can sequence the seasons there are special dates at	days of the week. of the year. I understand that nd times that repeat every ear.
Substantive Concepts Golden Threads		Landscape	Travel	Landscape	Travel	Landscape
Characteristics of Effective Learning (Disciplinary Knowledge – skills we need to learn)	to draw on which positively su Active Learning – Children learners they are requires to ta	pports their learning. concentrate and keep on trying i ike ownership, accept challenges itically - Children develop their	f their encounter difficulties. The and learn persistence.	ey are proud of their own achievo	r own play develop a larger store ements. For children to develop in only and rationally, drawing on pre	nto self-regulating lifelong
Protected Characteristics		Age Ann Sex	Disability Pregnancy & Maternity	Religion Religion Religion Rece	Marriage & Civil Partnership Sexual Orientation	



	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Theme	All About Me!	Our Wonderful World	Ticket to Ride	Come Outside	Our Heroes	Fun at the Seaside
Nursery	Identifying their family. Commenting on photos of their family; naming who they can see and of what relation they are to them.	I am beginning to make sense of my own life- story and family history. I know that there are places of worship near to where I live.	I can show some awareness of the time of day, e.g., dinnertime or bedtime. I know what type of home I live in, e.g., house, bungalow or flat.	I can name and talk about familiar features that I see in my own envi- ronment (home/school) house, tree, road, garage, shed, classroom	I notice changes with some adult support. Environmental walk – on school grounds	I can use my senses to explore the natural environment Explore new environments - seaside
Reception History focus	Can talk about what they do with their family and places they have been with their family. Can draw similarities and make comparisons between other families. Name and describe people who are familiar to them. Read fictional stories about families and start to tell the difference between real and fiction. Talk about members of their immediate family and community. Navigating around our classroom and outdoor areas. Create treasure hunts to find places/objects within our learning environment. Introduce children to different occupations and how they use transport to help them in their jobs. Listen out for and make note of children's discussion between themselves regarding their experience of past birthday celebrations. Long ago – How time has changed. Using cameras.	Can talk about what they have done with their families during Christmas' in the past. Show photos of how Christmas used to be celebrated in the past. Use world maps to show children where some stories are based. Use the Jolly Postman to draw information from a map and begin to understand why maps are so important to postmen. Share different cultures versions of famous fairy tales. To introduce children to a range of fictional characters and creatures from stories and to begin to differentiate these characters from real people in their lives. Stranger danger (based on Jack and the beanstalk). Talking about occupations and how to identify strangers that can help them when they are in need. Take children to places of worship and places of local importance to the community.	Listening to stories and placing events in chronological order of can explain key features of my home and the homes of others. Explore transport from the past and present Discuss how they got to school and what mode of transport they used. Introduce the children to a range of transport and where they can be found. Sort transport from the past and present Begin to understand that History is something from long ago – the past Explore a range buses. Rosa Parks – why was she important? Explore maps and bus routes Road safety and crossing safely Toys new and old Use images, video clips, shared texts and other resources to bring the wider world into the classroom. Listen to what children say about what they see Listen to children describing and commenting on things they have seen whilst outside, including plants and animals. After close observation, draw pictures of the natural world, including animals and plants	Introduce the children to recycling and how it can take care of our world. Look at what rubbish can do to our environment and animals. Create opportunities to discuss how we care for the natural world around us. Can children make comments on the weather, culture, clothing, housing. Change in living things – Changes in the leaves, weather, seasons, Explore the world around us and see how it changes as we enter Summer. Provide opportunities for children to note and record the weather. Learn about what a paleontologist is and how they explore really old artefacts. Introduce Mary Anning as the first female to find a fossil. Digging for fossils – what are they? I understand that living things, objects and materials can change Draw children's attention to the immediate environment. Look for children incorporating their understanding of the seasons and weather in their play. Use the BeeBots	Explorers and pirates – Christopher Columbus and Blackbeard Revisit modes of transport they used Focus on types of water transport – ships, ferries, boats, yachts etc Look at the difference between transport in this country and one other country. Encourage the children to make simple comparisons. Use bee-bots on simple maps. Encourage the children to use navigational language. Can children talk about their homes and what there is to do near their homes? Look out for children drawing/painting or constructing their homes. Encourage them to comment on what their home is like. Show photos of the children's homes and encourage them to draw comparisons. Environments – Features of local environment Maps of local area Comparing places on Google Earth – how are they similar/different? Introduce children to America links with Columbus Can children differentiate between land and water.	Identifying and talking about the differences of sea creatures. Materials: Floating / Sinking – boat building Metallic / nonmetallic objects Seasides long ago – Magic Grandad Share non-fiction texts that offer an insight into contrasting environments. Listen to how children communicate their understanding of their own environment and contrasting environments through conversation and in play. Look at old fashioned beach wear. Explore the natural world around them. Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside. Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them Compare and contrast seaside holidays from the past and the present Explore the effects of plastic on the environment - sea life
Experiential Knowledge / Events	Autumn Trail Harvest Time Bonfire Night Park Visit - tree study shop visit Real baby visit & bath demo	Bonfire Night Christmas Time / Nativity Diwali Hannukah Panto visit Walk to post box and send letters to santa	Valentine's Day Internet Safety Day Ride the bus / train	Lent Easter time Nature Scaven- ger Hunt Mother's Day Easter Egg Hunt – maps Dental nurse visit	Walk to the Park - observe chang- es look back to A1 butterfly observation	Under the Sea – singing songs and sea shanties Father's Day Nursery Graduation Beach Visit



Voor 1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2 (Geography, history link)	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 1		There is no place like home.		The Wild World	Time Travellers	Time Travellers
Enquiry Question		This is where I live. Why did Guy Fawkes not like the King?		Into the Woods! I'm a St Thomas' pupil Get me out of here! But how?	Explorers Why do peo	Ocean Travel - pirates ople explore?
St Thomas' Value	Compassion	Trust	Perseverance	Faith	Community	Joy
Subject Content Time Periods Changes within living memory Events beyond living memory Significant individuals Local events		Events beyond living memory – Gun Powder Plot		Significant individuals Gerardus Mercator (Comparison with the proportional map) versus Mary Anning	Events beyond living memory - moon landing Significant individuals Ibn Battuta Neil Armstrong Amy Johnson (contrast with John Alcock) Darren Edwards Sir John Alcock – blue plaque on school / local event	Significant individuals Anne Bonny versus Edward Teach The Polynesians
Substantive Concepts (Golden threads)		Religion and Belief Conflict		Landscape Travel / Sustainability	Religion and Belief Conflict Travel (Geography thread)	Settlement Civilisation Conflict
Key Vocabulary (On Knowledge Organiser)		History Source Evidence Artefact Fact Opinion Significant Event Changes Invention Question Reason Different periods of time (+topic specific vocabulary)		Source Evidence	Cause Consequences Similarity Connections Difference Order Timeline Compare Reason Century/ decade Living memory (+topic specific vocabulary)	Cause Consequences Similarity Difference Connections Order Timelines Compare Reason Century/ decade (+topic specific vocabulary)



	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 1		There is no place like home.		The Wild World	Time Travellers	Time Travellers
		This is where I live.		Into the Woods!	Explorers	Ocean Travel - pirates
Disciplinary Concepts		Sources and evidence		Sources and Evidence	Cause and Consequences (Intent of the explorers to travel and the conse- quences of their travel) Similarities and Differ- ence	Cause and Consequences (Intent of the explorers to travel and the conse- quences of their travel) Similarities and Differ- ence
Experiential Knowledge Our Church Our Community Visits / Places / People		Bonfire Night experiences (National holiday)		Trip to the Juniors Make a local map	Go to the airport (Manchester)	Ocean Explorer Day
Protected Characteristics		Religion and Belief		Disability Age	Religion and Belief Sex Disability Age Race Marriage	



	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Year 2	Island Life /Windrush	Island Life /Windrush	Coastlines	Coastlines	Great Fire of London	Great Fire of London	
Enquiry Question	How do we remem	ber our local heroes?	What makes th	What makes the coast special?		Could the Great Fire of London have been pre- vented?	
St Thomas' Value	Compassi	on & Trust	Persevera	nce & Faith	Commur	nity & Joy	
Subject Content Time Periods	Significant individuals – Dame Floella Benjamin	Local events – Remem- brance Day Church War Memorial and St Peter's	Changes within living memory - seaside / grandparents Events beyond living		Events beyond living memory - Great Fire	Significant individuals - Samuel Pepys	
Changes within living memory		memorial – local walk	Events beyond living memory - Victorian				
Events beyond living memory Significant individuals Local events							
Substantive Concepts Trade Settlement Civilisation Reli-	Settlement Travel Landscape	Settlement Travel Landscape	Settlement	Settlement	Civilisation Religion and Belief	Civilisation Religion and Belief	
Key Vocabulary (On Knowledge Organiser)	island human geography physical geography climate equator compass cause consequence empire Windrush significant person	Remembrance War memorial Soldier Fallen soldier	Natural Grace Darling Victorian Port Lighthouse		Fire Baker Prevented Plague Source Parliament Compare Artefact 17 th Century Diary		
Disciplinary Concepts Change and Continuity Cause and Consequences Similarities and Difference Historical Significance Sources and Evidence Historical Interpretation	Similarities and Difference	Similarities and Difference	Change and Continuity Historical Interpretation	Change and Continuity Historical Interpretation	Sources and Evidence	Sources and Evidence	
Experiential Knowledge Our Church		Church visit and local walk to memorials	Grace Darling Workshop		Great Fire of London trip		
Our Community Visits / Places / People							
Protected Characteristics	Race Religion and Belief Sex	Race Religion and Belief Sex			Religion and belief		



Year 3	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
teal 5		Stone Age to Iron Age		Ancient Egyptians	Local History – Stockport County	
Enquiry Question		What discoveries defined the Stone, Bronze, and Iron Ages?		What secrets made ancient Egypt an unstoppable civili- zation?	Are the Hatters the best football team in the world?	
St Thomas' Value	Compassion	Trust	Perseverance	Faith	Community	Joy
Subject Content Time Periods Changes within living memory Events beyond living memory Significant individuals Local events		Stone age Events beyond living memory		Ancient Egyptians Events beyond living memory	Victorian-Today Changes within living memory Events beyond living memory Significant individuals Local events	
Substantive Concepts Trade Settlement Civilisation Religion and Belief Conflict Invasion		Settlement Civilisation		Trade Settlement Religion and Belief	Settlement	
Key Vocabulary (On Knowledge Organiser)		Temporary Permanent Hunter-gathered Palaeolithic Mesolithic Neolithic Stone age Bronze age Iron age Hill forts		Civilisation Ancient Mummification Ancient Sumer Indus Valley Shang Dynasty Sources Artefacts		
Disciplinary Concepts Change and Continuity Cause and Consequences Similarities and Difference Historical Significance Sources and Evidence Historical Interpretation		Change and Continuity Similarities and Difference		Sources and Evidence Historical Interpretation	Change and Continuity Historical Significance	
Experiential Knowledge Our Church Our Community Visits / Places / People		Stone Age day		Making Amulets	Local walk	
Protected Characteristics		Religion and belief Sex		Religion and belief Sex Marriage and civil partner- ship Race	Religion and belief Sex	



Voor 4	Autu	mn 1	Autumn 2	Sį	oring 1	Spring 2		Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 4	The Ancie	nt Greeks		The Ra	ging Romans	Super Stockport		The Water Cycle	Brightstorm
Enquiry Question	Who were t Gree			What did the Romans ever do for me?			as the Stockport duct seen?		
St Thomas' Value	Compa	assion	Trust	Perseverance			Faith	Community	Joy
Subject Content	Ancient Greeks	5		Romans		Local area study 1840 – present day Focus points: world war 2,			
Time Periods						1948 crash boom, 70's	, Victorians, hat and 90's.		
Substantive Concepts	Civilisation Religion and Be	elief		Conflict		Trade Civilisation			
Trade Settlement Civilisation Religion and Belief Conflict Invasion				Invasion					
Key Vocabulary (On Knowledge Organiser)	Democracy Artefact God Goddess Mythology Olympic games Parthenon Philosophy	Athens Acropolis Era Archaeolo- gy Evidence Ancient leisure		Invade Settle Emperor Celts Empire Julius Caesar Boudicca Claudius Conquest resistance	Viaduct / aquaduct Gladiator Coliseum Amphitheatre Hadrian's wall Archeology BC/AD Slave Civilian	Empire Reign Work- house Mill Urban Rural	Industrial revolution Class Cotton Invention comparison Primary Secondary Sources Significance		
Disciplinary Concepts Change and Continuity Cause and Consequences Similarities and Difference Historical Significance Sources and Evi-	Historical Signi	ficance		Cause and C Sources and	onsequences Evidence	_	d Continuity and Difference		
Experiential Knowledge	Olympic games	S		Roman day					
Protected Characteristics	Religion and be Sex age	elief		Religion and Race Sex Age	l belief	Age Sex			



Year 5	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
			Anglo-Saxons		Mayans	
Enquiry Question			Anglo-Saxons versus The Vi- kings: Who are you supporting?	How would it feel to be a Mayan?		
St Thomas' Value	Compassion	Trust	Perseverance	Faith	Community	Joy
Subject Content Time Periods			AD 450- 1066AD		2000BC- 2014 AD	
Substantive Concepts			Trade Conflict Invasion		Settlement Civilisation Religion and Belief	
Key Vocabulary (On Knowledge Organiser)			Jutes, Saxons, Angles Invaders Settlers Push and Pull factors Seven Kingdoms Lindisfarne Danegeld Danelaw King Alfred Runes The Normans		Civilisation Drought Ritual Jaguar Scribes Codices Maize	
Disciplinary Concepts			Change and Continuity Cause and Consequences Similarities and Difference Historical Significance Sources and Evidence Historical Interpretation		Change and Continuity Cause and Consequences Similarities and Difference Historical Significance Sources and Evidence Historical Interpretation	
Experiential Knowledge Our Church Our Community Visits / Places / People			Tatton Park- Anglo Saxon day		Mayan Day	
Protected Characteristics			Sex, age, religions and belief, race		Sex, age, religions and belief, race	



	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1		Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Year 6	World War 1		The Great Plague				Slavery	
Enquiry Question	Did Gerald Wallace Adam die in vain?		Did the villagers of Eyam save us?				Why should we remember the slave trade?	
St Thomas' Value	Compassion	Trust	Perseverance		Faith	Community	Joy	
Subject Content Time Periods	World War 1		Middle Ages				Empire	
Substantive Concepts Trade Settlement Civilisation Religion and Belief Conflict Inva- sion	Conflict Invasion Settlement		Trade Religion and Belief Civilisation				Trade Conflict	
Key Vocabulary (On Knowledge Organiser)	Trench Rifle Navy Bayonet Troops Grenade Fight U-Boat Battle Tank Frontline Surren- dered Ferdinand Armistice Treaty Allies Peace War		gious Epidemic Middle Ages Quarantine	Peasant Urban Rural Population Black Death Black Plague			Slave Codes Slave Auction Fugitive Slave Slave Trade Underground Railroad Conductor	Passenger Station Abolitionist Rescuer Fighter Educator
Disciplinary Concepts Change and Continuity Cause and Consequences Similarities and Difference Historical Significance Sources and Evidence Historical Interpretation	Historical Significance Historical Interpretation		Cause and Consequences Historical Significance				Change and Continuity Cause and Consequences Similarities and Difference Historical Significance Sources and Evidence Historical Interpretation	
Experiential Knowledge	Local visit to the War Memorial Artefact collection from Imperial War Museum		Visit to Eyam					
Protected Characteristics	Age		Religions and belief				Race Gender Age	