RISK ASSESSMENT



RISK ASSESSMENT NAME: COVID 19 School Reopening September 2021 DEPARTMENT: ST Thomas' CE Primary School, Heaton Chapel

ASSESSORS NAME: L. Loynes DATE: Updated 21.10.21

What are the hazards?	Who might be harmed and how?	Current Control Measures?	Further Measures required?	Action by whom?	Action by When	Complete
Exposure to COVID 19	Pupils/staff/parents/visitors coming onto site may be carrying COVID-19 virus which could be spread to other pupils or staff	Following current advice https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/coronavirus-covid-19/ Tell children, young people, parents, carers or any visitors, such as suppliers, not to enter the school premises if they are displaying any symptoms of coronavirus (following the COVID-19: guidance for households with possible coronavirus infection).	Vigilant monitoring of staff/pupils who are symptomatic: A high temperature – this means you feel hot to touch on your chest or back (you do not need to measure your temperature) A new, continuous cough – this means coughing a lot for more than an hour, or 3 or more coughing episodes in 24 hours (if you usually have a cough, it may be worse than usual)	All staff/ pupils/ parents/ visitors		
		Pupils, staff and other adults should follow public health advice on when to self-isolate and what to do. They should not come into school if they have symptoms, have had a positive test result or other reasons requiring them to stay at home due to the risk of them passing on COVID-19 (for example, they are required to quarantine).	If a pupil is awaiting collection, they should be left in a room on their own if possible and safe to do so. A window should be opened for fresh air ventilation if possible. Appropriate PPE should also be used if close contact is necessary. Further information on this can be found in the use of PPE in education, childcare and children's social care settings guidance. Any	All staff		

	rooms they use should be cleaned			
	after they have left.			
	arter they have lette			
	If they need to go to the bathroom	All Staff		
	while waiting to be collected, they	All Stall		
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	should use a separate bathroom if			
	possible. The bathroom should be			
	cleaned and disinfected using			
	standard cleaning products before			
	being used by anyone else.			
	PPE should be worn by staff caring	All Staff		
	for the child while they await			
	collection if a distance of 2 metres			
	cannot be maintained (such as for			
	a very young child or a child with			
	complex needs).			
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	The household (including any	pupils/		
	siblings) should follow the PHE stay	parents		
	at home guidance for households	parents		
	with possible or confirmed			
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	coronavirus (COVID-19) infection.			
	In an emergency, call 999.			
	If a mambar of staff has halped			
	If a member of staff has helped			
	someone who was unwell with a			
	new, continuous cough or a high			
	temperature, they do not need to			
	go home unless they develop			
	symptoms themselves. They should			
	wash their hands thoroughly for 20			
	seconds after any contact with			
	someone who is unwell.			
	Cleaning the affected area with			
	normal household disinfectant			
	after someone with symptoms has			
	left will reduce the risk of passing			
	the infection on to other people.			
	the infection on to other people.		l	

			See the COVID-19: cleaning of non-		
			healthcare settings guidance.		
			Please Note -		
			From 16 August 2021, children		
			under the age of 18 years old will		
			no longer be required to self-		
			isolate if they are contacted by		
			NHS Test and Trace as a close		
			contact of a positive COVID-19		
			case.		
			Contacts from the school setting		
			will only be traced by NHS Test and		
			Trace where the positive case		
			specifically identifies the individual		
			as being a close contact. This is		
			likely to be a small number of		
			individuals who would be most at		
			risk of contracting COVID-19 due to		
			the nature of the close contact.		
			Calculate and Constall LED. Co.		
			Schools to ask for daily LFDs for household contacts of a case from		
			the start of KS2 onwards		
			the start of R32 offwards		
Mixing and	Staff and pupils working	As from the 19 th July Schools COVID-19	The school outbreak management	All staff/	
'Bubbles'	together could increase the	Operational Guidance update, it is	plans cover the possibility that it	pupils	
	risk of spreading the virus	recommended that it is no longer	may become necessary to		
		necessary to keep children in consistent	reintroduce consistent groups		
		groups ('bubbles').	('bubbles') for a temporary period,		
	C. C. I		to reduce mixing between groups.		
Hygiene	Staff and pupils working	Hand Hygiene	Deinforce good hand washing	All staff/	
	together could increase the risk of spreading the virus	Frequent and thorough hand cleaning is regular practice. This can be done with	Reinforce good hand washing routines. As a minimum:	All staff/	
	lisk of spreading the virus	soap and water or hand sanitiser.	All staff and pupils will wash their	pupils	
		Soup and water or name samuser.	hands when they arrive at school in		
			the morning.		

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			All staff and pupils will wash their		
			hands after break and lunch before		
			returning to the classroom.		
		Baratan Harra	Th D COV/ID 40		
		Respiratory Hygiene	The e-Bug COVID-19		
		The 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach	website contains free resources for		
		continues to be very important.	and materials to encourage good		
N/ 1*1 - 1*	Barrier Hilliam and Ideas and	Miles the selection of	hand and respiratory hygiene.	All at a CC/	
Ventilation	Poor ventilation could spread	When the school is in operation, it is	Mechanical ventilation systems	All staff/	
	COVID-19	important to ensure it is well ventilated	should be maintained in	pupils/	
		and that a comfortable teaching	accordance with the	parents/	
		environment can be maintained.	manufacturers' recommendations.	Visitors	
		Identify any poorly ventilated spaces as	Opening external windows can		
		part of your risk assessment and take	improve natural ventilation, and in		
		steps to improve fresh air flow in these	addition, opening internal doors		
		areas, giving consideration when holding	can also assist with creating a		
		events where visitors such as parents are	throughput of air.		
		on site for example attending school			
		plays.	If necessary, external opening		
			doors may also be used (if they are		
		Mechanical ventilation systems that uses	not fire doors and where safe to do		
		a fan to draw fresh air or extract air from	so).		
			Balance the need for increased		
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		Where possible, systems should be			
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Cleaning	Pupils/staff coming onto site		Cleaning staff will wear disposable	Site Manager	
	may be carrying COVID-19	_			
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Cleaning	Pupils/staff coming onto site may be carrying COVID-19 virus which could be spread to other pupils or staff	a ran to draw fresh air or extract air from a room, should be adjusted to increase the ventilation rate wherever possible and checked to confirm that normal operation meets current guidance and that only fresh outside air is circulated. Where possible, systems should be adjusted to full fresh air or, if this is not possible, then systems should be operated as normal as long as they are within a single room and supplemented by an outdoor fresh air supply. Maintain normal cleaning routines. Additional deep cleaning will be taking place during this period.	Balance the need for increased ventilation while maintaining a comfortable temperature. The Health and Safety Executive guidance on air conditioning and ventilation during the COVID-19 pandemic and CIBSE COVID-19 advice provides more information. Cleaning staff will wear disposable gloves and wash their hands after removing the gloves.	Site Manager and cleaning team	

		Clean surfaces that children and young people are touching, such as toys, books, desks, chairs, doors, sinks, toilets, light switches, bannisters, more regularly than normal.	All surfaces in areas of use will be disinfected daily with the cleaning products normally used. Paying particular attention to frequently touched areas and surfaces, such as toilets and washrooms, desks, grab-rails in corridors, stairwells and door handles.		
		Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) to	PHE has published guidance on the cleaning of non-healthcare settings. Most staff in schools will not		
		be used by staff as normally required for their role.	require PPE beyond what they would normally need for their work. The guidance on the <u>use</u> of PPE in education, childcare and children's social care settings provides more information on the use of PPE for COVID-19.		
Face Coverings	General note and if		If there is an outbreak in school,	All staff/	
	circumstances change	Primary Schools The reintroduction of social distancing measures and/or face coverings in communal areas for adults in primary schools, where social distancing and ventilation is not possible. The government has removed the requirement to wear face coverings in law but expects and recommends that they are worn in enclosed and crowded spaces where you may come into contact with people you don't normally meet. This includes public transport and dedicated transport to schools.	Public Health may advise you that face coverings should temporarily be worn in communal areas or classrooms (by pupils, staff and visitors, unless exempt). You should make sure your outbreak management plans cover this possibility. Primary Schools The reintroduction of face coverings for pick up and drop off points (and where parents/carers are visiting school).	pupils	

e coverings, which munication with elies on lip reading, facial expression to can also be worn. See coverings may be ucing the spread of ever, the evidence is currently very (whether cloth) should fit the face to cover outh and be made ole material capable orne particles.
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Risk assessment

You must comply with health and safety law and put in place proportionate control measures. You must regularly review and update your risk assessments - treating them as 'living documents', as the circumstances in your school and the Public Health advice changes. This includes having active arrangements in place to monitor whether the controls are effective and working as planned. For more information on what is required of school leaders in relation to health and safety risk assessments and managing risk, see the health and safety advice for schools.

Further Information and Government Advice -

 $\underline{https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-schools-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/schools-covid-19-operational-guidance}$

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/covid-19-coronavirus-restrictions-what-you-can-and-cannot-do

 $\frac{https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/coronavirus-covid-19-maintaining-educational-provision/guidance-for-schools-colleges-and-local-authorities-on-maintaining-educational-provision}{educational-provision}$

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-decontamination-in-non-healthcare-settings/covid-19-decontamination-in

https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/coronavirus-covid-19/

You should review your risk assessment if you think it might no longer be valid, e.g. following an accident in the workplace, or if there are any significant changes to the hazards in your workplace, such as new equipment or work activities.

REVIEW DATE	OFFICER REVIEWING
20/10/2021	AM & DB